用水小貼士  
Water Use Tips

如何降低攝入鉛的風險  
How to reduce the risk of lead intake

1. 如已一段時間沒開水喉（例如數小時或一晚），
   If water has been standing in pipes for a long time (for instance, after several hours or overnight),

2. 熱水可令喉管及裝置釋出更多的鉛，建議只應從冷水水龍頭取水飲用或煮食。
   As hot water increases the amount of lead that may leach from pipes and fittings, only water from a cold water tap should be used for drinking or cooking.

小知識：  
Knowledge Corner:

如供水系統所使用的喉管物料沒有錫焊接位，例如不銹鋼喉管、有內搪層鍍鋅鋼管或使用壓合接頭的銅喉，食水含鉛量超標的風險便很低。
For water supply system using other pipe materials without solder joints such as stainless steel pipes, lined galvanised steel pipes or copper pipes with compression joints, the risk of having excess lead in drinking water should be low.

* 若食水在喉管裡停留的時間更長（如週末或假期沒有用水後），你需要放水更長時間。
If water has been standing in the pipes longer (for instance, over a weekend or after a holiday when the plumbing system has not been used), you need to run the water for longer time.

如有任何查詢，請致電 2824 5000 與水務署客戶電話諮詢中心聯絡。
For any enquiries, please contact WSD Customer Enquiry Hotline at 2824 5000.