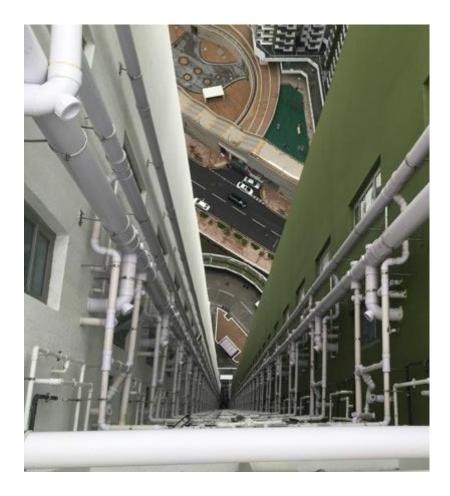
Guidelines for Drinking Water Safety Plans for Buildings in Hong Kong

Annex I – Template for General Buildings

Drinking Water Safety Plan Template for General Buildings in Hong Kong^{*}

for the application of Quality Water Supply Scheme for Buildings – Fresh Water (Management System)



Water Supplies Department

Hong Kong Special Administrative Region Government

* This template is applicable to general buildings such as residential or office buildings

Guidelines for Drinking Water Safety Plans for Buildings in Hong Kong

Annex I – Template for General Buildings

Explanatory Notes:

- 1. This template is prepared based on recommendations of the World Health Organization (WHO) to assist the owner or property management agent of a general building (e.g. residential or office buildings) to develop and implement Water Safety Plan (WSP) to enhance water safety. It covers the essential elements of WSPs and common requirements applicable to plumbing layout of general buildings. The template comprises the following components:
 - Introduction
 - Part A General Description of the Building
 - Part B Water Supply Flow Diagrams
 - Part C Risk Assessment Summary Table for the Building
 - Part D Routine Water Safety Checklist for the Building (Based on Components of Checking)
 - Part E Routine Water Safety Checklist for the Building (Based on Persons Responsible for Conducting Checking)
- 2. A Designated Person (DP) should be assigned by the owner or property management agent to oversee the development and implementation of the WSP. DP can be a person familiar with the operations of the building, e.g. the property management officer. DP should be supported by other administrative, maintenance or technical staff to form a WSP team. If required, DP may seek technical advice from a Qualified Person (QP) (such as a Licensed Plumber (LP)) for the development and implementation of the WSP.¹
- 3. DP should complete Parts A and B as far as possible with the support from the WSP team members. He/She should then review Part C and select those items applicable to the building. For instance, items related to water storage tanks are not relevant to a building without such tanks. DP should similarly select relevant items in Part D and Part E² to form a water safety checklist.
- 4. DP should perform general checking duties <u>and</u> engage QP to conduct specific checking according to the checklist.

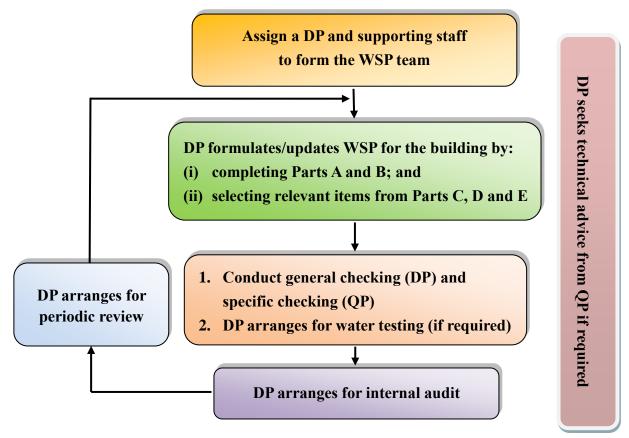
¹ If necessary, DP may engage relevant consultants to provide technical support. Lists of QPs and consultants trained in WSP for buildings are available from the Water Supplies Department's website (<u>https://www.wsd.gov.hk/en/water-safety/qualified-persons/index.html</u>).

² Parts D and E contain the same checking items listed out in different formats

Guidelines for Drinking Water Safety Plans for Buildings in Hong Kong

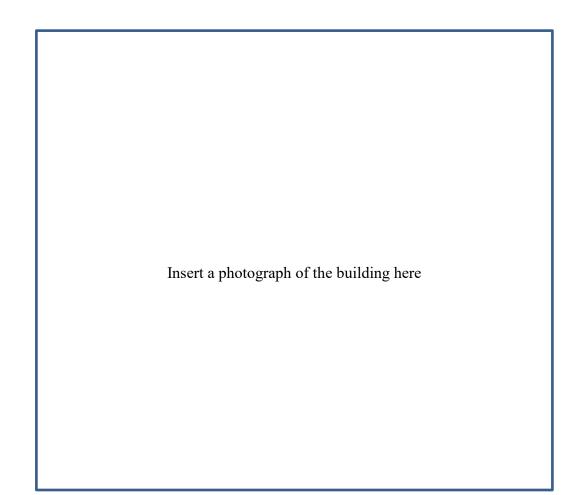
Annex I – Template for General Buildings

- 5. Water testing is normally not required for a general building under WSP. Please see Section 4.16 of the Guidelines for details.
- 6. DP should arrange an internal audit at least once every two years. The auditor can be an internal staff or independent party who is not involved in the implementation of WSP. Among other aspects, the auditor should check whether (i) the WSP is up to date and generally accurate; (ii) conditions of the plumbing components tally with the checking records; (iii) staff are trained and competent to carry out the routine checking; and (iv) the documents and records are complete. Inspection of records and plumbing components by sampling should normally be sufficient.
- 7. DP should also arrange a periodic review at least once every two years and following major modifications of the plumbing systems for updating of the WSP as well as addressing the audit findings and other improvements, where applicable. Discussion over the WSP in a scheduled staff meeting with records can serve the purpose.
- 8. The steps for the development and implementation of WSP for a general building are summarised in the following figure.



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Water Safety Plan for <Name of Building>



<Name of Property Management Company>

<Month Year (of issuing)>

Version No.:	 _
Holder:	 _
Prepared by:	 _(Name)
	(Post)

Contents

Section		Page
	Introduction	1
Part A	General Description of the Building	3
Part B	 Water Supply Flow Diagrams 1 Water supply flow diagram for an individual block 2 Water supply flow diagram for individual floor or household 	5
Part C	Risk Assessment Summary Table for the Building	7
Part D	Routine Water Safety Checklist for the Building (Based on Components of Checking)	11
Part E	 Routine Water Safety Checklist for the Building (Based on Persons Responsible for Conducting Checking) Table I. Routine checking/inspection by the Designated Person (such as the Property Management Officer) Table II. Routine checking/inspection by the Qualified Person (such as a Licensed Plumber) 	14

Introduction

- 1. Water Safety Plan (WSP) was introduced by the World Health Organization (WHO) in 2004 as an effective means of consistently ensuring safety of drinking water supply through risk assessment and risk management.
- 2. Based on WHO's recommendations, this plan contains the essential elements of WSP with a view to preventing contamination of drinking water in the inside service. The plan is composed of the following parts:
 - Part A General Description of the Building
 - Part B Water Supply Flow Diagrams
 - Part C Risk Assessment Summary Table for the Building
 - Parts D and E Routine Water Safety Checklist for the Building
- 3. Part A contains a brief description of the building's characteristics including the Designated Person (DP) assigned to oversee the development and implementation of the WSP.
- 4. Part B contains the schematic flow diagrams indicating the essential plumbing components of the building.
- 5. Part C contains a summary of risk assessment on the building's plumbing system.
- 6. Parts D and E are the routine water safety checklists summarising the checking duties undertaken by DP and Qualified Person (QP) based on the risk assessment.
- 7. DP performs the general checking duties and a QP is engaged to conduct specific checking according to the checklist.
- 8. DP arranges internal audits at least once every two years to verify effectiveness of the WSP.
- 9. DP periodically reviews the WSP at least once every two years and following major modifications of the plumbing systems.

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Item	Details
Publication Date and version of WSP	Publication Date:
1 ubication Date and version of vv31	Version:
Person responsible for this WSP	Name:
(Designated Person) ³	Position:
Contacts of DP	Telephone:
	Email:
Name of Building	
Address of Building	
Building Owner/ Owner's Organization	
Building Management Agent	
Building Maintenance Agent	
Lot Boundary (or Location Map ⁴)	
No. of Blocks	
No. of Flats	
No. of Residents/Users	
Water connection notification or certificate references	 No Yes, file ref. of notification or certificate ref. no. issued by the WSD:
Plumbing line diagrams ref. nos. ⁵	□ No □ Yes, plumbing line diagrams ref. nos. :

Part A General Description of the Building

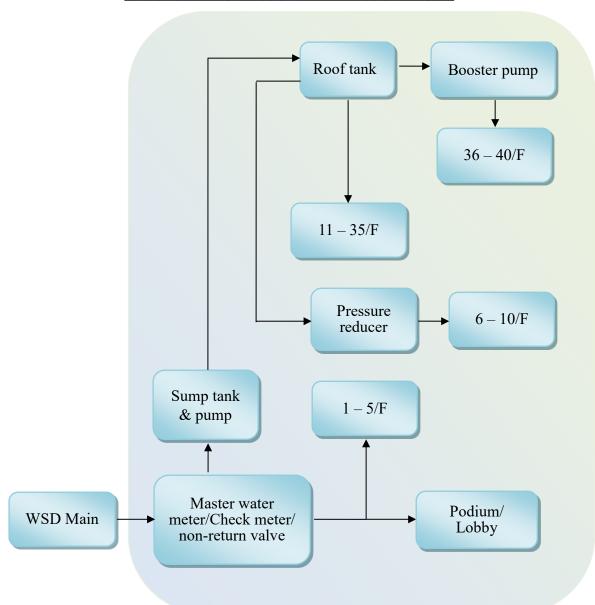
³ It is recommended that a Designated Person (DP), such as the property management officer, be assigned to oversee implementation of the WSP
⁴ For instance, extracted from Geoinfo Map (<u>https://www.map.gov.hk</u>).
⁵ If not available, it is recommended that suitable drawings be created for the building

Item	Details
Types of water supply present on site (cross out or add items as appropriate)	 (i) Potable water (ii) Seawater flushing water (iii) Air-conditioning cooling water (iv) Fire service water (v) Roof-harvested rainwater (vi) Process water (e.g. distilled or reverse-osmosis water for boiler) (vii) Recycled/reclaimed rainwater or sewage (viii) Other (please specify)
Water Quality Testing	 No Yes (please provide the following information) Test parameters (this may refer to a separate schedule): Last testing on: Test report ref. no.: Next testing scheduled:
WSP audit ⁶	The WSP audit frequency should not be lower than once every two years.

⁶ The auditor can be an internal staff or independent party who is not involved in the implementation of WSP. Preferably, the auditor shall have undergone training related to internal audit of quality management system

Part B Water Supply Flow Diagrams Based on as-built plumbing line diagrams ref. nos. xxxx (if applicable)⁷ (Illustrative Examples)

1. Water supply flow diagram for an individual block* Name of block:

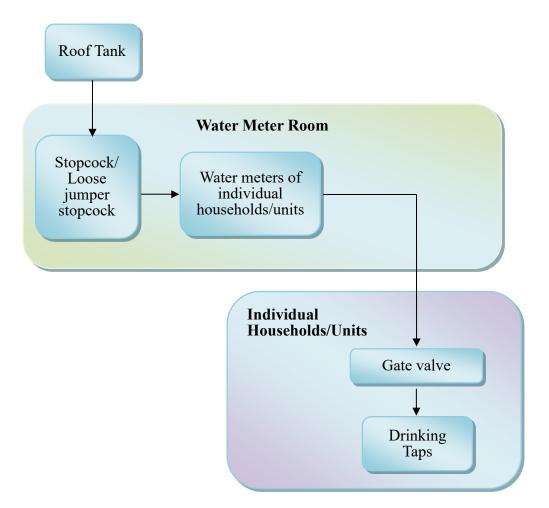


*Where applicable, indicate any communal taps, water dispensers, etc. for drinking or food preparation, e.g. "Drinking tap at pantry on 2/F".

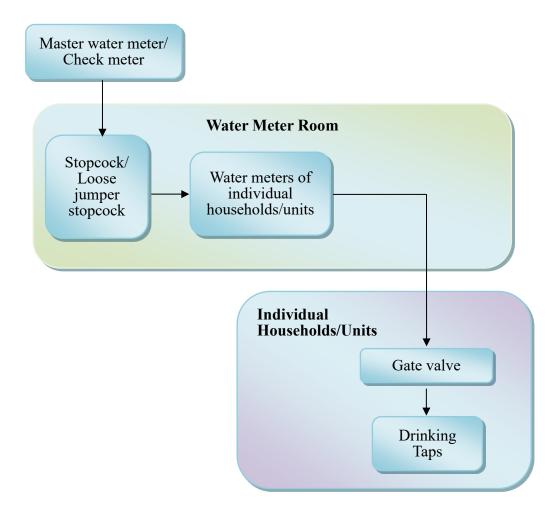
⁷ If the latest as-built drawings are not available, please indicate how the schematic diagrams are constructed, e.g. "Based on inspection undertaken by [name of QP] in [Month-Year]." (No need to indicate if prepared at time of conduct of risk assessment for Part C)

2. Water supply flow diagram for individual floor or household Name of block:

For water supply to 6/F to 40/F:



For water supply to 1/F to 5/F:



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Part C **Risk Assessment Summary Table for the Building⁸**

Name of block :

Hazards (chemical, microbial or physical contaminant) / Hazardous Events (causes of excessive levels of, or exposure to, hazards)	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk	Recommended Control Measures		
 Stagnation of water leading to stale water with possible slime or biofilm formation. This situation could cause unpleasant tastes or odours leading to residents' complaints or reluctance to use the water. Stagnation combined with excessive warming (exceeding 25°C) 	Likely	Minor Major	Moderate	 Minimise dead-legs in plumbing system Respond to residents' complaints on water quality Remind residents to flush idle or infrequently-used taps Flushing before first occupancy and after major plumbing 	1. 2.	Construct arrange for copies of Check iff infrequent
 2. Stagnation combined with excessive waiting (exceeding 25 C) of water leading to possible growth of pathogens to elevated levels. These pathogens could potentially cause infections and serious illnesses. 	Kare	IVIAJOI	Low	 works as well as after prolonged periods of non-use 5. Install backflow prevention devices to prevent backflow of water from known dead-legs into the main water supply system where applicable 	3.	 (By DP) Review a flushing o a. known b. idle on c. prior plumb d. in resp (By DP) Inspect an
 Excessive leaching of hazardous metals (e.g. lead, copper, cadmium, chromium, antimony, nickel, or iron from metal pipes or plasticisers from plastic pipes) from inappropriate plumbing materials or due to long stagnation of water. This may cause metallic tastes, discoloured water or stained washing and fittings (blue from copper, brown from iron), or even adverse health effects after prolonged exposure. 	Likely	Moderate	High	 Construct plumbing system and carry out plumbing modifications in accordance with WSD's instructions Use plumbing materials approved by WSD for all new plumbing works and repair or replacement of plumbing Remind residents to flush idle or infrequently-used taps Flushing before first occupancy and after major plumbing works as well as after prolonged periods of non-use 	2. 3.	Engage L works and WSD's in (By DP) Check if plumbing replacement Check if infrequent
4. Transfer of hazardous organics (e.g. petrochemicals or paint strippers) through plastic pipes due to use of inappropriate plumbing materials. This commonly results from, for instance, polyethylene pipes being laid in ground that is, or becomes, contaminated by fuel spills or spillage of other organic	Likely	Moderate	High	5. Install backflow prevention devices to prevent backflow of contaminated water into the main water supply system where applicable		(By DP) Review a flushing o

Recommended Monitoring Procedures

ct plumbing system following WSD's instructions and for submissions and inspection as required. Maintain f the submitted documents (By DP and LP)

if residents have been reminded to flush idle or ntly-used taps by posting, notice boards or other means

and set up flushing programme with LP and conduct of:

wn dead-legs (if present)

or infrequently-used taps (if present)

r to first occupancy after building construction or nbing modification

esponse to residents noticing water quality problems

and maintain backflow prevention devices (By LP)

LP to construct plumbing system and carry out plumbing nd arrange for submissions and inspection according to instructions. Maintain copies of the submitted documents

f residents have been reminded to use WSD-approved g materials for all new plumbing works and repair or nent by posting, notice board or other means (By DP)

if residents have been reminded to flush idle or ently-used taps by posting, notice boards or other means

and set up flushing programme with LP and conduct of:

⁸Note:

⁽i) A directory of approved plumbing components is available via: http://www.wsd.gov.hk/en/plumbing-engineering/pipes-and-fittings-to-be-used-in-inside-service-or/index.html

⁽ii) DP refers to the Designated Person who oversees implementation of the WSP

⁽iii) LP refers to Licensed Plumber as an example of those qualified professionals who are competent and engaged by DP to carry out the duties. LP is used as an example in the table primarily to enhance comprehensibility of users.

⁽iv) Please see Part D for frequency of checking and corrective actions

⁽v) Content of the table may be modified as appropriate subject to the building's risk assessment

⁽vi) Tips for using wall-mounted dispensers are available via: http://www.wsd.gov.hk/filemanager/en/share/pdf/tips_for_using_wall_mounted_dispensers_e.pdf

⁽vii) Please refer to WSD's "Technical Requirement for Plumbing Works in Buildings" for the requirements of installing backflow prevention devices for water dispensers (https://www.wsd.gov.hk/en/plumbing-engineering/requirements-for-plumbing-installation/technicalrequirements-for-plumging-works-in-bldgs/index.html)

⁽viii) Procedure for cleansing water tanks is available via: https://www.wsd.gov.hk/en/faqs/index.html#12-205. DP shall ensure that all rinsing water of the tanks is drained away before refilling with fresh water.

Hazards (chemical, microbial or physical contaminant) / Hazardous Events (causes of excessive levels of, or exposure to, hazards)	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk	Recommended Control Measures]
chemicals.						a. known
This may cause petrochemical tastes or even adverse health effects						b. idle or
after prolonged exposure.						c. prior plumbi
						d. in resp
						(By DP)
					5.	Inspect and
 5. Cross-connection between potable* and non-potable water supplies leading to possible contaminants from the non-potable water causing unpleasant taste (e.g. saltiness), odours or hazardous substances (e.g. pathogens from non-potable water) to enter the potable water system. The problem can arise due to single taps being connected to the wrong water pipe or due to the unauthorised inter-connection of potable and non-potable water pipes. This can cause tastes or odours that water users find unpleasant and that may in turn make water users feel unwell or could even cause illness due to hazardous substances (pathogenic microorganisms or chemicals) being present in the water. * Potable water refers to water for drinking, food preparation and hygienic uses such as bathing, showering, hand washing, etc. 	Rare	Major	Low	 Carry out plumbing works according to WSD's instructions and avoid cross-connection in plumbing system If applicable, set pump pressures so that the potable water is at higher pressure than all non-potable water (typically with the potable water system being at least 50 kPa above the non-potable water system pressure) to prevent non- potable water from flowing into the potable water Retain as-built drawings and plumbing diagrams for all plumbing works and plumbing modifications following completion of works as far as practicable Install backflow prevention devices to prevent backflow of non-potable water into the potable water supply system Clearly differentiate potable and non-potable water pipes/tanks using labels/colours as far as practicable Ensure potable water taps are not connected to the non- potable water system (if present) 	5. 6. 7.	Engage L submission Maintain c Set and che valve (By I Inspect and Regular ins Check if as plumbing v Inspect and Check if differentiat Check if la pipes/tanks
					9.	Conduct fle system to o non-potabl
6. Ingress of contaminants due to pipe breaks, leakages or plumbing modifications and loss of water pressure leading to possible contaminants causing unpleasant taste, odours or	Rare	Major	Low	 Construct plumbing system and carry out plumbing modifications in accordance with WSD's instructions Maintain sufficient water pressure 	1.	Engage LF modification
hazardous substances to enter the potable water system.				*	2.	Set and ch pressure re
The problem can arise if there is a leak in the potable water system that whilst it would normally cause water to flow out could equally				3. Flush pipes and fittings to bring in clean water and flush out any possible contamination that may have entered via leaks	3.	Inspect and
allow contaminated water to flow in if the pressure in the pipe is lost or low.				following loss of water pressure	4.	Regular in
This can cause tastes or odours that water users find unpleasant and that may in turn make water users feel unwell or could even cause				4. Repair and replace leaking pipes, joints or fittings		Ensure suf water press
illness due to hazardous substances (pathogenic microorganisms or chemicals) being present in the water.					6.	Inspection

Recommended Monitoring Procedures

wn dead-legs (if present)

or infrequently-used taps (if present)

r to first occupancy after building construction or nbing modification

sponse to residents noticing water quality problems

nd maintain backflow prevention devices (By LP)

LP to carry out plumbing works and arrange for ions and inspection according to WSD's instructions. a copies of the submitted documents (By DP)

check set points for pump pressure and pressure reducing y LP)

nd maintain water pumps (By DP and LP)

inspection of roof tank levels (By DP)

as-built plumbing drawings have been updated following g works (By DP)

nd maintain backflow prevention devices (By LP)

if potable and non-potable pipes/tanks have been tiated with labels/colours (By DP and LP)

Elabels/colour markings on potable and non-potable water hks are intact (where applicable) (By DP)

flow tests after construction or modifications of plumbing o demonstrate that potable water are not connected to the able water system (where applicable) (By DP and LP)

LP to construct plumbing system or carry out plumbing tions according to WSD's instructions (By DP)

check set points for pump pressure, roof tank level and reducing valve (By LP)

and maintain water pumps (By DP and LP)

inspection of roof tank levels (By DP)

sufficient flushing after plumbing modifications or loss of essure (By DP and LP)

on of inside service for leaks (By DP)

Hazards (chemical, microbial or physical contaminant) / Hazardous Events (causes of excessive levels of, or exposure to, hazards)	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk	Recommended Control Measures		R
 7. Backflow of hazardous substance into potable water system leading to possible contaminants causing unpleasant taste, odours or hazardous substances to enter the potable water system. The problem can arise whenever the potable water system is physically connected to, for instance, point-of-use (POU) devices requiring chemical cleansing or a container of chemicals, particularly if the hazardous liquid is pressurised and pushes the hazardous chemical back into the water supply, or if the water supply loses pressure and sucks the hazardous chemical into the water supply. This can cause tastes or odours that water users find unpleasant and that may in turn make water users feel unwell or could even cause illness due to hazardous substances (chemicals) being present in the water. 	Rare	Major	Low	 Construct plumbing system in accordance with WSD's instructions Maintain sufficient water pressure Install backflow prevention devices between the water supply plumbing and any possible connection to any potentially hazardous liquid to prevent backflow of contaminated water into the potable water supply system (where applicable) 	 Engage modific accordi docume Set and pressur Inspect Regular Inspect 	ication ling to nents (id che re red it and ar insp
 8. Entry of hazardous substances into potable water tanks (sump tank or roof tank) leading to possible unpleasant tastes, odours or hazardous substances present in the potable water system. The problem can arise due to deliberate contamination of the water tank or due to birds, animals or insects getting into the water tank. This can cause tastes or odours that water users find unpleasant and that may in turn make water users feel unwell or could even cause illness due to hazardous substances (pathogenic microorganisms or chemicals) being present in the water. 	Rare	Catastrophic	Low	 Ensure proper design, construction and maintenance of water storages such as sump and roof tanks Keep sump and roof tank room (if available) locked Keep sump and roof tank access hatch locked and secure Prevent entry of birds, animals or insects into the water tanks by sealing all holes and protecting any vents and overflow pipes using gnaw-proof mesh Ensure cleanliness of sump and roof tanks e.g. through DP inspecting and arranging cleansing of sump and roof tanks as required Ensure no water and debris (leaves, twigs, etc.) accumulation on exposed tank roof and rainwater drains 	 and insofthe s of the s Inspect (By DI Inspect DP) Inspect Arrang accord 	ispect subm ct sum P) ct air ct sum ge fo dance
 9. Alterations to plumbing by persons not authorised, licensed or trained to make such alterations. This can lead to contamination of the water supply through a range of pathways. Use of the wrong plumbing materials could result in hazardous chemicals (such as lead) being present in the water. Cross-connections could arise resulting in potable water taps supplying non-potable water. Connections could be made between potable water and hazardous liquids without the required backflow prevention systems being in place, which could result in hazardous chemicals being forced at pressure, or sucked in via backflow, into the water supply. This can cause tastes or odours that water users find unpleasant and that may in turn make water users feel unwell or could even cause illness due to hazardous substances (pathogenic microorganisms or chemicals) being present in the water. 	Likely	Moderate	High	 free from blockage Carry out plumbing modifications in accordance with WSD's instructions Use plumbing materials approved by WSD for all new buildings, new plumbing works and repair or replacement of plumbing Install backflow prevention devices between the water supply plumbing and any possible connection to any potentially hazardous liquid to prevent backflow of contaminated water into the potable water supply system (where applicable) Clearly differentiate potable and non-potable water pipes/tanks using labels/colours as far as practicable Provide advice to residents and owners about the importance of not carrying out inappropriate alterations to plumbing 	 modifiaccord docum 2. Check plumbi DP) 3. Inspect 4. Check different 5. Check pipes/t 	ication ding to nents of if re- bing m et and c if entiate c if lat tanks c if ropria

Recommended Monitoring Procedures

P to construct plumbing system or carry out plumbing ions and arrange for submissions and inspection to WSD's instructions. Maintain copies of the submitted is (By DP)

heck set points for pump pressure, roof tank level and educing valve (By LP)

nd maintain water pumps (By DP and LP)

nspection of roof tank levels (By DP)

nd maintain backflow prevention devices (By LP)

P to construct storage tanks and arrange for submissions ection according to WSD's instructions. Maintain copies omitted documents (By DP)

ump and roof tank rooms (if available) and tank covers

ir vents and overflow pipes of sump and roof tanks (By

ump and roof tank interiors (By DP)

for regular cleansing of sump and roof tanks in ce with WSD's instructions (By DP)

xposed tank and rainwater drains (By DP)

LP to construct plumbing system or carry out plumbing tions and arrange for submissions and inspection g to WSD's instructions. Maintain copies of the submitted ts (By DP)

residents have been reminded to use WSD-approved materials by posting, notice boards or other means (By

nd maintain backflow prevention devices (By LP)

f potable and non-potable pipes/tanks have been ated with labels/colours (By DP and LP)

labels/colour markings on potable and non-potable water ks are intact (where applicable) (By DP)

f residents have been reminded not to carry out riate plumbing alterations by posting, notice boards or ans (By DP)

Hazards (chemical, microbial or physical contaminant) /						
Hazardous Events (causes of excessive levels of, or exposure to, hazards)	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk	Recommended Control Measures		
 10. Contamination of drinking water due to inappropriate installation, operation or maintenance of POU devices fitted to drinking taps or connected to the water mains. The problem can arise if the POU devices such as reverse osmosis units, water filters, water dispensers or wall-mounted dispensers are not properly installed, operated or maintained, e.g. use of inappropriate filters, wall-mounted dispensers or plumbing materials, leakages, water stagnant in wall-mounted dispensers and the inlet pipes for prolonged periods, overloading of filter cartridges leading to release of hazardous substances, breakthrough, backflow of substances accumulated in filter cartridges into water supply during low or loss of water pressure, etc. This can cause tastes or odours that water users find unpleasant and that may in turn make water users feel unwell or could even cause illness due to hazardous substances (pathogenic microorganisms or chemicals) being present in the water. 	Rare	Major	Low	 Ensure selection and proper installation of appropriate model of POU devices Ensure POU devices are properly operated and maintained 	 1. 2. 3. 4. 	Consult Qu appropriate Engage LI product ins Operate, in filter cartri (By DP) Review, se dispensers

Risk Assessment Summary Table prepared by QP:

Profession

Recommended Monitoring Procedures

Qualified Persons (QPs) for selection of POU devices, e.g. iately certified products (By DP)

LP to install POU devices according to manufacturer's instructions and WSD's plumbing instructions (By DP)

, inspect and maintain POU devices, including change of rtridges according to manufacturer's product instructions

set up and conduct flushing programme for wall-mounted ers and inlet pipes according to drinking habit (By DP)

	(Name)
	(Post)
	(LP No./
nal Membership No., if appli	cable)
	(Signature)
	(Date)

Part D Routine Water Safety Checklist for the Building (Based on Components of Checking)⁹

Location of check or action	Typical frequency of check or action	Typical person responsible for check or action ¹⁰	Item to check or action to be completed and target to be achieved	Hazard/ Hazardous Event No. in Part C	Correctiv
			The tank room (if available) is locked and secure	8	Secure and
1 Water store so terles			The tank access hatch is locked and secure	8	Secure and
			No holes, gaps or entry points through which insects, animals or birds could enter	8	Repair any
1. Water storage tanks	Monthly	DP	Tank vents and overflow pipes have fine, gnaw-proof mesh and the mesh is secure and intact	8	Repair or r
(sump tank, roof tank, header			Tanks are clean inside and are free of foreign materials or deposits	8	Arrange cl
tank or any other storage tanks)			No water and debris (leaves, twigs, etc.) accumulated on exposed tank roof and the rainwater drains are free from blockage	8	Remove a rainwater o
	Half yearly	DP	Tanks are cleansed every 6 months ¹¹	8	Arrange cl
	Annually	LP	Potable water roof/header tank levels are set to provide sufficient water pressure and level switch top up control is functioning correctly	5-7	Adjust lev necessary
	Monthly	DP	There is no leakage	5-7	Repair or r
	Monthly	DP	There is no unusual noise during pump operations	5-7	Repair or r
2. Water pumps(these can be sump pumps in the	Annually	LP	Pump pressure set points are correctly adjusted to provide sufficient water pressure and the pressure measurement devices and pumps are functioning correctly	5-7	Adjust pre
lower levels of the building or booster pumps in the intermediate or higher levels of	Annually	LP	Pressure set points for the potable water are higher (typically by at least 50 kPa, if feasible) than for non-potable water (where applicable)	5-7	any necess
the building)	Annually (or according to supplier's instructions)	LP	Maintain pumps as recommended by the supplier (this may entail actions such as replacing worn parts, bleeding air and lubricating to minimise noise and risk of failure) and check for evidence of parts being badly worn	5-7	Replace b pump does
2. Dracewa roducine velves	Ammuelly	LD	Pressure reducing valve set points are correctly adjusted to provide sufficient water pressure and the pressure measurement devices are functioning correctly	5-7	Adjust pre
3. Pressure reducing valves	Annually	LP	Pressure set points for the potable water are higher (typically by at least 50 kPa, if feasible) than for non-potable water (where applicable)	5-7	necessary
4. Water meters	Annually	LP	Backflow prevention devices are in place as required under the WSD requirements and are found to be functioning correctly ¹²	1-5, 7 & 9	Install bac replace any
5. Pipes, joints and fittings	Every 3 months	DP	Confirm that there are no leaks in pipes, joints or fittings that might indicate pipe failure and the possibility of ingress of contaminated water via the leaks if water pressure is lost	6	Ask LP to to check o see if preve
	Annually	DP	Confirm that labels/colour markings on water pipes/tanks are clear to differentiate between potable and non-potable water systems (where applicable)	5 & 9	Add or rep markings
¢					

ctive action to take if target is not achieved

and lock the tank room

and lock the tank access hatch

ny holes or replace part that has holes

r replace any mesh that is not secure and intact

cleansing of the tanks

accumulated water and debris and clear er drains

cleansing of the tanks

level settings if required and make any y repairs

or replace the leaking part

or replace the pump

ressure and level settings if required and make essary repairs

badly worn parts in good time so that the besn't fail resulting in a loss of pressure

pressure settings if required and make any y repairs

backflow prevention devices if missing and any faulty backflow prevention devices

to replace or repair leaking pipes or joints and other nearby pipes or joints of similar age to eventive replacement is required

replace any missing or unclear labels/colour S

⁹ Building owner/management is encouraged to incorporate the Checklist into the building's routine maintenance schedule. The table may be rearranged according to location, check frequency or person responsible for the checklist may be modified as appropriate subject to the building's risk assessment

¹⁰ LP refers to Licensed Plumber as an example of QPs and consultants who are competent and engaged by DP to carry out the duties. LP is used as an example in the table primarily to enhance comprehensibility of users.

¹¹ Water storage tanks may be cleansed more frequently if required. Procedure for cleansing water tanks is available via: <u>https://www.wsd.gov.hk/en/faqs/index.html#12-205</u>. DP shall ensure that all rinsing water of the tanks is drained away before refilling with fresh water.

¹² It may not be feasible to check the backflow prevention devices are functioning correctly if the water supply system is on line

Location of check or action	Typical frequency of check or action	Typical person responsible for check or action ¹⁰	Item to check or action to be completed and target to be achieved	Hazard/ Hazardous Event No. in Part C	Correct
	In response to complaints	DP	Flush the tap at its maximum practicable flow rate until stagnant water has been replaced by fresh water. The flushing period is typically about 2 minutes or longer for larger systems. Flushing should continue until the water is visibly clear and colourless when viewed in a glass or white cup and has no noticeable taste or odour	1-4	Advise W
	Annually	LP	Confirm that there are no cross-connections at the main plants that could lead to non-potable water (where applicable) flowing from potable water fittings by conducting checks such as flow tests	5	Remove a
6. Any communal taps supplying water that is to be used for drinking or food preparation (e.g. kitchen taps) that haven't been used for prolonged period or that have very low levels of use and where water could stagnate	Every week or more frequent as required	DP	Flush the tap (where applicable) at its maximum practicable flow rate until stagnant water has been replaced by fresh water. The flushing period is typically about 2 minutes or longer for larger systems. Flushing should continue until the water is visibly clear and colourless when viewed in a glass or white cup and has no noticeable taste or odour	1-4	Keep flu through Increase discoloure flushing e
7. Communal POU devices (e.g. water filters, water			Inspect and maintain the devices (where applicable) according to supplier's instructions to ensure proper operation. Mark filter cartridge expiry dates on the casings and replace cartridges accordingly	he	Ask supp devices if
dispensers, wall-mounted dispensers) fitted to drinking taps or connected to the water	According to supplier's instructions	DP	Flush water dispensers (where applicable) according to supplier's instructions or Department of Health's health advice ¹⁴	10	on the cas Increase discoloure problem p
mains ¹³			Flush wall-mounted dispensers (where applicable) and the inlet pipes regularly ¹⁵		
8. For individual residents or on notice boards	Monthly or as required	DP	 Updated versions of the following notification or advice, if appropriate, are available to residents/water users on notice board or by post: i. Flushing advice after long stagnation, e.g. over weekend or long holiday¹⁶ ii. Do not take water from hot water tap for drinking water purpose iii. Use of compliant plumbing components¹⁷ iv. Notify residents of any scheduled/non-scheduled suspension of water supply and flushing their taps for at least 2 minutes before use upon resumption of water supply v. Comply with WSD's instructions when carrying out plumbing modifications vi. Maintain filters, wall-mounted dispensers or other POU devices (where applicable) in accordance with supplier's instructions, e.g. replacement of filter cartridges vii. Refer to WSD's "Water Use Tips" if necessary¹⁸ viii. Maintain hot water storage devices of residential care home for the elderly (if present) and confirm that the devices operate at 60°C or above (Caution: To 	1-4 & 9	Update an inside serv

ctive action to take if target is not achieved

WSD if problem persists

any cross-connections if identified

ushing until fresh water has been drawn

flushing frequency if stagnant, metallic, ared or smelly water is noticed in between events. Advise WSD if problem persists

pplier or qualified technician to repair the if necessary. Mark filter cartridge expiry dates asings and replace filter cartridges accordingly

flushing frequency if stagnant, metallic, ared or smelly water is noticed. Advise WSD if persists

any notification or advice on plumbing and ervices

 ¹³ Please refer to WSD's "Technical Requirement for Plumbing Works in Buildings" for the requirements of installing backflow prevention devices for water dispensers (<u>https://www.wsd.gov.hk/en/plumbing-engineering/requirements-for-plumbing-installation/technical-requirements-for-plumbing-works-in-bldgs/index.html</u>)
 ¹⁴ Department of Health's "Health Advice on Using Water Dispensers" is available via: <u>https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/guidelines on use of drink fountain public.pdf</u>

¹⁵ Tips for using wall-mounted dispensers are available via: http://www.wsd.gov.hk/filemanager/en/share/pdf/tips_for_using_wall_mounted_dispensers_e.pdf

¹⁶ Typical flushing advice is available via: <u>http://www.wsd.gov.hk/filemanager/en/share/pdf/tips_to_reduce_lead_intake_e.pdf</u>

¹⁷ A directory of approved plumbing components is available via: <u>http://www.wsd.gov.hk/tc/plumbing-engineering/pipes-and-fittings-to-be-used-in-inside-service-or/index.html</u>

¹⁸ WSD's "Water Use Tips" is available via: https://www.wsd.gov.hk/en/core-businesses/water-quality/water-use-tips/index.html

Location of check or action	Typical frequency of check or action	Typical person responsible for check or action ¹⁰	Item to check or action to be completed and target to be achieved	Hazard/ Hazardous Event No. in Part C	Correct
			prevent accidental scalding, the hot water temperature at the tap outlets should not be higher than 43°C).		

ective action to take if target is not achieved

Part E Routine Water Safety Checklist for the Building (Based on Persons Responsible for Conducting Checking)¹⁹

Table I. Routine checking/in	spection by the Desi	gnated Person (such as	the Property Management Officer)

Location	Frequency	Item to check/action to be completed/target to be achieved	Observations	Remarks in Findings	Checking/Action Date		Corrective action to take if target is not achieved		ctive action npleted
	Trequency		(√/Ⅹ)	(if "×")	Date Signature			Date	Signature
		The tank room (if available) is locked and secure					Secure and lock the tank room		
 Water storage tanks (sump tank, roof tank, header tank or any other storage tanks) 		The tank access hatch is locked and secure					Secure and lock the tank access hatch		
	Mandalar	No holes, gaps or entry points into the water tanks through which insects, animals or birds could enter					Repair any holes or replace part that has holes		
	Monthly	Tank vents and overflow pipes have fine, gnaw-proof mesh, and the mesh is secure and intact					Repair or replace mesh		
		Tanks are clean inside and are free of foreign materials or deposits					Arrange cleansing of the tanks		
		No water and debris (leaves, twigs, etc.) accumulated on exposed tank roof and the rainwater drains are free from blockage					Remove accumulated water and debris and clear rainwater drains		
	Half yearly	Tanks are cleansed every 6 months ²⁰ -Cleansing record (e.g. copies of signed completion certificates or confined space – Permit-to-Work Certificates, which show the location and dates of cleaning and signatures of competent person) should be attached to the inspection record for the month of cleansing	Last cleansing date: Arrange cleansing of the tanks		Arrange cleansing of the tanks				
		-Specify the last cleansing date in "Observations" column							
2. Water pumps (sump pumps or booster pumps)	Monthly	There is no leakage			Repair leak or replacement				
	Monthly	There is no unusual noise during pump operations			Repair or replace the pump				
	Every 3 months	There is no leak in pipes, joints or fittings			Replace or repair leaking pipes/joints				
3. Pipes, joints and fittings	Annually	Labels /colour markings on water pipes/tanks are clear to differentiate between potable and non-potable water systems (where applicable)					Replace labels/colour markings		
	In response to complaints	Flush the tap at its maximum practicable flow rate until stagnant water has been replaced by fresh water. The flushing period is typically about 2 minutes or longer for larger systems. Flushing should continue until the water is visibly clear and colourless when viewed in a glass or white cup and has no noticeable taste or odour	Advise WSD if problem persists						
 Infrequently-used communal taps for drinking or food- preparation purposes 	Every week or more frequent as required	Flush the tap (where applicable) at its maximum practicable flow rate until stagnant water has been replaced by fresh water. The flushing period is typically about 2 minutes or longer for larger systems. Flushing should continue until the water is visibly clear and colourless when viewed in a glass or white cup and has no noticeable taste or odour			Increase Increase flushing frequency if stagnant, metallic, discoloured or smelly water is noticed in flushing events Advise WSD if problem persists				

Name of block : Inspection Month :

¹⁹ Building owner/management is encouraged to incorporate the Checklist into the building's routine maintenance schedule. The table may be rearranged according to location, check frequency or person responsible for the checklist may be modified as appropriate subject to the building's risk assessment

²⁰ Water storage tanks may be cleansed more frequently if required. Procedure for cleansing water tanks is available via: <u>http://www.wsd.gov.hk/tc/faqs/index.html#12-205</u>. DP shall ensure that all rinsing water of the tanks is drained away before refilling with fresh water.

Location	Frequency	Item to check/action to be completed/target to be achieved	Observations (√/×)	Remarks in Findings (if "×")	Checking/Action Date		Corre	
Location	Trequency	item to encewaction to be completed/target to be acmeved			Date	Signature	if taı	
5. Communal POU devices		Inspect and maintain the devices (where applicable) according to supplier's instructions to ensure proper operation. Mark filter cartridge expiry dates on the casings and replace cartridges accordingly	Filter cartridge expiry date:				Ask suppli to repair t Mark filter the casing	
(e.g. water filters, water dispensers, wall-mounted hot water dispensers) fitted to drinking taps or connected to the water mains ²¹	According to supplier's instructions	Flush water dispensers (where applicable) according to supplier's instructions or Department of Health's health advice ²²	Last flushing date:				according	
		Flush wall-mounted hot water dispensers (where applicable) and the inlet pipes regularly ²³	Last flushing date:				stagnant, smelly wa WSD if the	
 For individual residents or on notice boards 	Monthly or as required	 Updated versions of the following notification or advice, if appropriate, are available to residents/water users on notice board or by post: i. Flushing advice after long stagnation, e.g. over weekend or long holiday²⁴ ii. Do not take water from hot water tap for drinking water purpose iii. Use of compliant plumbing components²⁵ iv. Notify residents of any scheduled/non-scheduled suspension of water supply and flushing their taps for at least 2 minutes before use upon resumption of water supply v. Comply with WSD's instructions when carrying out plumbing modifications vi. Maintain filters, wall-mounted dispensers or other POU devices (where applicable) in accordance with supplier's instructions, e.g. replacement of filter cartridges vii. Refer to WSD's "Water Use Tips" when needed²⁶ viii. Maintain hot water storage devices of residential care home for the elderly (if present) and confirm that the devices operate at 60°C or above (Caution: To prevent accidental scalding, the hot water temperature at the tap outlets should not be higher than 43°C). 					Update any plumbing a	

rrective action to take	Corrective action completed			
target is not achieved	Date	Signature		
plier or qualified technician r the devices if necessary. ter cartridge expiry dates on ngs and replace cartridges gly				
flushing frequency if , metallic, discoloured or water is noticed. Advise the problem persists				
ny notification or advice on g and inside services				

Checklist prepared by:

(Name) (Post) (Signature)

Please refer to WSD's "Technical Requirement for Plumbing Works in Buildings" for the requirements of installing backflow prevention devices for water dispensers (<u>https://www.wsd.gov.hk/en/plumbing-engineering/requirements-for-plumbing-installation/technical-requirements-for-plumging-works-in-bldgs/index.html</u>)
 Department of Health's "Health Advice on Using Water Dispensers" is available via: <u>https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/guidelines on use of drink fountain public.pdf</u>
 Tips for using wall-mounted dispensers are available via: <u>http://www.wsd.gov.hk/filemanager/en/share/pdf/tips_for_using_wall_mounted_dispensers_e.pdf</u>
 Typical flushing advice is available via: <u>http://www.wsd.gov.hk/en/plumbing-engineering/pipes-and-fittings-to-be-used-in-inside-service-or/index.html</u>
 WSD's "Water Use Tips" is available via: <u>https://www.wsd.gov.hk/en/core-businesses/water-quality/water-use-tips/index.html</u>

Table II. Routine checking/inspection by the Qualified Person (such as Licensed Plumber, Building Services Engineer or Building Surveyor)

	1	١

Location Frequen	Frequency	Item to check/action to be completed/target to be achieved	Observations	Remarks in Findings	Date of Checking		Correct
	1 0		(√/X)	(if "×")	Date	Signature	is not ac
 Water storage tanks (sump tank, roof tank, header tank or any other storage tanks) 		Potable water roof (header) tank levels are set to provide sufficient water pressure and level switch top up control is functioning correctly					Adjust le make an
		Pump pressure set points are correctly adjusted to provide sufficient water pressure and the pressure measurement devices and pumps are functioning correctly					Adjust r
2. Water pumps (sump pumps or booster pumps)		Pressure set points for the potable water are at higher pressure (typically by at least 50 kPa, if feasible) than for non-potable water (where applicable)					and mak
		Maintain pumps as recommended by the supplier					Replace
		Check for any parts being badly worn					time so resulting
	/es	Pressure reducing valve set points are correctly adjusted to provide sufficient water pressure and the pressure measurement devices are functioning correctly					Adjust p
3. Pressure reducing valves		Pressure set points for the potable water are at higher pressure (typically by at least 50 kPa, if feasible) than for non-potable water (where applicable)					and mak
4. Water meters		Backflow prevention devices are in place as required under the WSD requirements and are found to be functioning correctly ²⁷					Install b if missin backflov
5. Pipes, joints and fittings		Confirm that there are no cross-connections at the main plants that could lead to non-potable water (where applicable) flowing from potable water fittings by conducting checks such as flow tests					Remove identifie

Checklist prepared by:

ctive action to take if target achieved	Corrective action completed				
achieved	Date	Signature			
e level settings if required and any necessary repairs					
pressure settings if required ake any necessary repairs					
the badly worn parts in good o that the pump doesn't fail ng in a loss of pressure					
pressure settings if required ake any necessary repairs					
backflow prevention devices sing and replace any faulty ow prevention devices					
ve any cross-connections if ied					

(Name) (Post) (LP No./ Professional Membership No., if applicable)

(Signature)

²⁷ It may not be feasible to check whether the backflow prevention devices are functioning correctly if the water supply system is on line